1	IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		
2	FOR THE SOUTHERN	DISTRICT OF TEXAS	
3	MCALLEN DIVISION		
4	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	S CASE NO. 7:08-CV-00207 S MCALLEN, TEXAS	
5	VERSUS	§	
6	1.71 ACRES OF LAND,	\$ THURSDAY, \$ NOVEMBER 15, 2018 \$ 10:39 A.M. TO 11:17 A.M.	
7		J 10.03 M.II. 10 II.I7 M.II.	
8	STATUS CONFERENCE		
9	BEFORE THE HONORABLE RANDY CRANE UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE		
LO	UNITED STATES	JISIRICI JUDGE	
L1			
L2	APPEARANCES:	SEE NEXT PAGE	
L3	COURT RECORDER:	RICK RODRIGUEZ	
L 4	INTERPRETER:	ELENA MEDRANO	
L5			
L 6			
L7			
L8			
L 9			
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25	Proceedings recorded by electronic sound recording; transcript produced by transcription service.		

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1 MCALLEN, TEXAS; THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 2018; 10:39 A.M. 2 (Official interpreter utilized for translation) 3 THE COURT: I'll just begin by calling the case 4 first, this particular case, which is 08-CV-207, 5 United States of America versus 1.71 Acres of Land in 6 Starr County, More or Less, et al. 7 For the Record, I need announcements for who's here and wants to be acknowledged and certainly, if you're 8 9 going to speak, you need to introduce yourself as well. 10 MR. SMITH: Your Honor, John Smith with the United States. 11 12 MR. KINCHELOE: Good morning, Your Honor. Richard Kincheloe, also with the United States. 13 MS. EYES: Good morning. Megan Eyes, on behalf of 14 15 the United States. 16 THE COURT: All right. 17 MR. KINCHELOE: And that depends on which case 18 you're calling. THE COURT: Okay. That's this case. 19 20 Mr. Reyes is here. The Court will acknowledge 21 that in this -- in the 207 case, Jose Guadalupe Reyes is 22 here. 23 Is there anyone here present on the 207 case on the defense side? 24 25 MR. KATZ: Yes, Your Honor. This is Josh Katz, on

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behalf of the City of Roma, Texas, appearing telephonically.
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             THE COURT: All right. There are a number of
 3
   persons that were named and served.
 4
              Does the Government know why they're not here? I
 5
   mean, you did provide them notice.
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             MR. SMITH: And the Government provided notice, as
7
   well, so when we got your Order, we made sure we got notice
    out to everybody. It's kind of par for the course for what
8
 9
   we have on border fence --
10
              THE COURT: Okay.
             MR. SMITH: -- and whether people show up. Part
11
12
   of this is a lot of Starr County is kind of on hold to see
   where they're going to take it to.
13
              THE COURT: All right. If at any point Mr. Reyes
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15
   would like to interject something, please. He's free to do
16
    so.
17
             MR. REYES: I just wanted to make sure that I was
18
   able to come here and that they were also providing an
    Interpreter and so now I'm just listening, see how things
19
20
        I definitely want to take my family and --
21
              THE COURT: Okay, great. All right. So the
22
   Government may proceed with their presentation.
23
             MR. SMITH: Your Honor, real quick going through
   these and then that way you can get to the specifics of each
24
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So this map shows us west of Roma City. If you look

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case.

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at the yellow down here, (indicating), that was the original
 1
    2008 case. That's where they, you know --
 2
 3
              THE COURT: Uh-huh.
 4
              MR. SMITH: They had the flood of 2010. A lot of
 5
    this land is not here anymore. So our take is, someplace in
    the Gulf of Mexico.
 6
 7
              So what happened was: Border Patrol had to get
    with IBWC, the International Boundary Water Commission --
 8
 9
              THE COURT: Uh-huh.
10
              MR. SMITH: -- and come up with a new line. And
    so if you look at the blue up here, (indicating), Judge, as
11
12
    we go through -- and if we can go to the next one -- so here
    is in Roma. You can see on the left side, it's -- northwest
13
14
    side, it's going to divert away from the old takes -- out.
15
              THE COURT: Okay. So this looks like I guess a
16
   Google map.
17
              Is that present day accurate as to the where the
18
   river is? Is this post-erosion or is this pre-erosion?
19
              MR. SMITH: This map should be -- no, I wouldn't
20
    say. This map is probably --
21
              THE COURT: Pre.
22
              MR. SMITH: -- pre-erosion because of -- we
23
   already had the -- as you can see, each property line in
24
    here and we identified the tract number for those property
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    lines. So as you get to downtown Roma, you can see that the
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alignment is going to be pretty much the same. There's
other problems that we have with downtown Roma because you
have the cliffs of Roma, you have all those issues of can
you even build in that area --
          THE COURT: Right.
          MR. SMITH: -- and we're still dealing with that.
The only difference being for the blue, Border Patrol now
wants a 150-foot enforcement zone along with the fence so
the take might be a little bit wider. We're waiting now.
We're doing survey work for that part of it. So where you
have the blue, it may not be the exact same piece of
property that we're taking as we did in 2008 even though
there's the overlap that may actually extend out a little
bit.
          THE COURT: Right.
          MR. SMITH: And that is flexible depending on
whether it's possible to have a 150-foot enforcement zone or
whether it's even needed in that particular area. So that
enforcement zone will vary from tract to tract.
          THE COURT: All right. So generally 150 inside
the fence.
          MR. SMITH: 150 on the river side of the fence.
          THE COURT: Oh, on the river side of the fence.
          MR. SMITH: Yeah.
          THE COURT: Okay.
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MR. SMITH: So it's an enforcement zone with --
 1
 2
    the project, assuming lights and cameras, so that you can
 3
    see in that area anybody approaching the fence so.
 4
              THE COURT: Okay. No other requirements inside of
 5
    the fence on the -- opposite the river side of the fence?
 6
              MR. SMITH:
                         No.
 7
              THE COURT: Okay.
 8
              MR. SMITH: Generally 20 feet on that side,
    there's usually a patrol road on that side.
 9
10
              THE COURT: Right.
                                  I see it.
              MR. SMITH: And also a road for -- a lot of times
11
12
   because -- Rick, can you go back one, please?
              If you go back and you see how small these tracts,
13
14
    everybody can't have a gate and so a lot of times what you
15
    do is you have a gate and then you give the adjoining
16
    landowner an easement to travel along the fence to get to
17
    the gate to drop -- if they have property on the river side
18
    so that they can drop in and then drive back along the fence
19
    and then down to their property.
20
              And so that's why there's 20 feet on that one
21
    side. There will be a patrol road plus an easement road for
22
    landowners that have to get to a gate to get through.
23
              THE COURT: All right.
24
              MR. SMITH: The next one. So we go on the east
25
    side of Roma and you can see it's going to divert way up
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1
   here, (indicating). This part, (indicating), was the old
 2
    one.
 3
              THE COURT: Does this particular one have an
 4
    erosion issue, why it was redesigned in this -- if you'll
 5
    back up? Anyway from the yellow -- no, the next one.
 6
              MR. SMITH: Go to the next one then. All right.
 7
              THE COURT: Yeah. Was this -- I mean, this is a
 8
   big bend. I can see where that might be an erosion issue
 9
    although it looks heavily vegetated.
10
              MR. SMITH: So not so much as an erosion issue on
11
    this realignment.
12
              THE COURT: This was just an enforcement --
              MR. SMITH: This is a floodplain.
13
              THE COURT: -- in this area or it's fence?
14
15
              MR. SMITH: No, this is a floodplain.
16
              THE COURT: Okay.
17
              MR. SMITH: This is IBWC saying, "No, this is too
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   much in a floodplain and pursuant to the Treaty, we're not
19
    supposed to divert water into Mexico." So IBWC wanted it
20
   moved away --
21
              THE COURT: Sure.
22
              MR. SMITH: -- from the river in this location --
23
              THE COURT: Okay.
24
              MR. SMITH: -- up higher ground. So it's truly
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   based on elevation of the ground and what the floodplain is.
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Here we go south of Rio Grande City. You can see
there's a big divergent on the south side from the original
      This was -- this area was a lot of erosion right
here, (indicating). So this bend in the river, we had a lot
of erosion and lost a lot of land that was originally in the
take. So now the plain is going up higher, brings in a
whole different dynamic now because you had a fence near the
river with no land on the other side.
         THE COURT: Sure. Right.
         MR. SMITH: Now you've got landowners that are
going to possibly have a fence up higher with more land on
the river side.
         THE COURT: And this is proposed, but yet unfunded
or is this for taking? I mean, I know you all are doing
survey work now but --
         MR. SMITH: Right.
         THE COURT: -- what's the --
         MR. SMITH: So here's where we get to on --
         THE COURT: Okay.
         MR. SMITH: -- that section of it. What we know,
based on funding that we got for 2018, we have 25 miles in
Hidalgo County. That's pretty easy. That's all the rest of
Hidalgo County except for Santa Ana. Santa Ana was
specifically excluded in the funding part of that. So the
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other 25 miles will fill in everything in Hidalgo County

1 that was not done back in 2008.

THE COURT: Okay.

has changed."

MR. SMITH: Twelve miles some place in Starr

County. I can't -- long ago with Judge Hanen I stopped

making promises because this thing has gone back and forth

and I would tell him something and then I'd have to come

back and tell him, "Judge, you know, that's not right, this

And so I can't tell anybody in this room right now where that 12 miles for sure will be. They're doing the surveys. They're going to determine where they need it and where they can build it and there will be 12 miles someplace in Starr County, and so part of my problem.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. SMITH: So as we can see in Rio Grande City, it stays pretty much the same as it was except for the enforcement zone. And then when you get southeast, same thing. It's diverting way away. We're going to go back up here, (indicating), out of the floodplain. And so you had that issue.

And one second. And then this is the very far end of Rio Grande City. I can't really read -- but is Mr. Guerra here?

Mr. Guerra?

MR. GUERRA: David Guerra.

THE COURT: All right.

MR. SMITH: David Guerra has some property out on this end, (indicating), and we've gone, you know -- unfortunately for him, we've gone back and forth because originally it was down here, (indicating), and then we found out, okay, they're going to move this. And what happened early on was, okay, we've come up with a new plan, we're going to move it. And then there was a thought, well, we're not going to get funding to be able to build.

THE COURT: Right.

MR. SMITH: So then what do we do? So we actually talked with Mr. Guerra about possibly reverting property back to him. Well, then the funding came so, okay, now we are going to build again.

And so with a lot of these landowners we just said, "You know, it's up to you, but we'd like to put this on hold because I don't want to deal with this part for you and then have to come back and take even more land. I'd rather just do an amended declaration of taking if I'm taking two different sections for you."

If you go back one for me to Roma. So for instance, Judge, this is one's a perfect one.

Rick, whose property is that? Which -- who's the landowner?

MR. KINCHELOE: Mr. De Leron (phonetic).

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              MR. SMITH: De Leron. So this property was
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    originally here, (indicating), and then they're coming back
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    and what they were going to end up doing is really
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    dissecting his property. And so recently, we had the
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    discussion with him because they also are doing the take
    right here, (indicating), for a boat ramp, so it's really
 6
 7
    cutting up his property.
 8
              So now we've gotten in the negotiations and what
 9
    we're thinking is: why don't we just -- he wants us to --
10
    "Just take my whole property." And then you put the whole
    property in this area. So those are some of the issues that
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12
    we're going through --
              THE COURT: Uh-huh.
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14
              MR. SMITH: -- because of the divergent pass now
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    for the fence from the old take to the new take.
              THE COURT: Okay. You say, "New take," but --
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17
              MR. SMITH: We haven't done a new take yet.
18
              THE COURT: Okay.
19
              MR. SMITH: Yeah. So new take would be --
20
              THE COURT: So that's going to be one of the big
21
    issues here today is --
22
              MR. SMITH: Right. And so that's that
23
    terminology. I'm now talking -- sometimes we call it "lazy
    take," sometimes we call it "old take," but what I'm talking
24
25
    about is the 2008, 335 cases that we filed all at one time
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and did that so.

THE COURT: Right, 14 of which are here today on the Docket.

MR. SMITH: Exactly.

THE COURT: More or Less.

MR. SMITH: Then this is Los Ebanos. And much of Los Ebanos is actually going to be the same, except for -you can see there's not much divergence around Los Ebanos.
And so we've dealt with a lot of those cases and actually closed a lot of those cases in Los Ebanos.

Do we have this section up here on the next one?

One more. Okay. The one area that we're going to have some issues with is this section right here, (indicating). Even though they put that as the new take line, there may be some problems of actually being able to build a fence in that area.

THE COURT: It's too close to the river?

MR. SMITH: Too close to the river. There was some erosion issues here as well. And so this may or may not have to change. I just can't tell anybody at this point until they get done with the new survey work, the new ROEs that we're dealing with.

THE COURT: I mean, where else would you put it?

You've got a road running parallel to it right there,

(indicating).

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MR. SMITH: Right there, (indicating), is a road.
This is a really high cliff though and it's a very soft
cliff so the erosion hits pretty well. So a lot of this
eroded away because any place you had in the river where
there was a harsh bend like this, (indicating), a horseshoe
bend --
          THE COURT: Uh-huh.
         MR. SMITH: -- in 2010 had a lot of erosion on the
outside of that horseshoe.
         THE COURT: Are there any homes in this area?
         MR. SMITH: There are a few homes in this area.
That's another problem as you get up into here, are we going
to end up being too close to a home or through a home? We
don't like to do Relocation Act basis --
          THE COURT: Yeah, for the other side of the home.
         MR. SMITH: -- so we try to stay away from not
doing that. So those are all issues.
          There were some older buildings in here. There
was a Mennonite group at one time that had a church-owned
kind of group, but that's been abandoned. And then the rest
of this is pretty open. But there are a few houses right on
that area right there, (indicating). That's your -- the
Starr County project. That's just kind of the overview
so -- into this case.
         THE COURT: Okay. So what my goal is today is to
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figure out what I can get rid of, what we can close, what cases are very close to being resolved, and then deciding which cases to keep open.

My thinking before taking the Bench here today is that because I don't have any -- none of us can predict -- have any confidence to know whether there's going to be actual funding for this project in 2019 that's -- I'm going to treat this as this is it, this is all there is, and I don't want to keep open cases that might get funded in the future.

And so then we're going to -- I just don't want to sit here in 2019, "Oh, we don't get this year but we're going to get it next year." We probably have to wait till after the elections. And if it goes one way, then you'll get -- I don't want to engage in that.

These are 10-year-old cases. I want -- what I want to do is say let's get rid of it. Let's resolve what we can now and leave for another day a new action against the then current title holders, start fresh with whatever taking you all decide to do at that time.

So to the extent you can --

MR. SMITH: Your Honor --

THE COURT: -- you all are abandoning prior taking attempts, you'll want wrap those things up, those cases up. Tell me what's wrong with that sort of plan.

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MR. SMITH: Actually there's nothing wrong with
that sort of plan, Your Honor. So to give you a head's up,
the Army Corp has started what they call the "2019 ROE
Letters."
         THE COURT: Okay. Uh-huh.
         MR. SMITH: I think Judge Hinojosa got one of the
2019 ROE Letters, so that's going even farther out from
Roma.
         THE COURT: The other side, yeah.
         MR. SMITH: It'll be more Starr County will be in
those 2019, but we don't know on the funding on that, you
know, so I'm not making any plans. I know we're starting
the ROEs and we're doing that process, but we don't have
funding to actually build fence for those and so that's
not -- the only suggestion that I would make is we are very
close so the construction Contract has been vetted now, it's
been bid, so they're going to start on some of these
construction areas. And so if by February, we should have
an idea of where in Starr County --
         THE COURT: The 12 miles is going to be.
         MR. SMITH: -- they're looking at building. That
will help us with all these landowners. Because then I can
say, "Okay. Yeah, we're going to get it here."
         Part of what the Army Corp and Border Patrol has
said is, "Okay. Even with the new alignment, the old takes
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to the extent they exist," because in the original taking it
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    was for fence or roads to assist in the --
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              THE COURT: Uh-huh.
 4
              MR. SMITH: So they may keep those as roads.
 5
    Those are all issues they're trying to figure out, but they
    don't know that answer until they know where they're going
 6
 7
    to build that 12 miles in Starr County.
 8
              And so I agree with you, I think we can start
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    pushing these cases to closing. Once we have that answer of
10
    "Okay.
          Where are you building 12 miles in Starr County on
    this contract that you're letting?" because once they let
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    that Contract out and they have those areas, then we can
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    say, "Okay. Now we know what we need to do." And the rest
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    of them, even if they're not getting built on, we can at
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15
    least close their old cases.
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              THE COURT: So you said the Contracts have already
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   been bid and they're going through a vetting process so --
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              MR. SMITH: So it's a design built contract --
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              THE COURT: Right.
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              MR. SMITH: -- so they have to do the design work
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    for the fence --
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              THE COURT: Okay.
23
              MR. SMITH: -- and then they have to build the
    fence as well. And so they're doing the -- and they have to
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25
    do the survey work that we got all the ROEs for that we're
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doing right now, the 2018 ROEs that we've been doing in
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   Hidalgo and Starr County.
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              THE COURT: Uh-huh.
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              MR. SMITH: For the Court's awareness, that's gone
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    really well. We changed things, up based on what Judge
 6
   Hanen had us do in 2008, which was -- I decided for DOJ if
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    the Army Corp and Border Patrol couldn't get an ROE --
   before we just went and filed a DT. We were actually going
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 9
    to go negotiate with the landowner, too, because Judge Hanen
10
   had us go back out after we filed a DT.
11
              THE COURT: And meet.
              MR. SMITH: And so I thought you might as well do
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    that at the get-go and then that way everybody knows when we
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    come in here we've done everything we -- that at least
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    Judge Hanen at that time would have wanted us to do.
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16
              THE COURT: Uh-huh.
17
              MR. SMITH: It's actually had a very good success.
18
   We don't have nearly as many ROE -- DTs filed in the courts
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    that we thought we were going to have.
20
              THE COURT: Yeah, I mean --
21
              MR. SMITH: It's been very --
22
              THE COURT: -- hardly any.
23
              MR. SMITH: I'm going to say about 80 percent
    signed on the ROE.
24
25
              THE COURT: Uh-huh.
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MR. SMITH: So that part worked out really well. We've been working behind the scenes trying to get -- make sure that all those cases went through and we're dealing with everybody on those. I think the first one we have come up due would be the --THE COURT: So back to my point that I wanted to make with my question. If the Contracts for the design and builds are being vetted, the bids have already come in and I quess they're reviewing them, necessarily don't we know where the 12 miles are? I mean, because I would imagine the bids would be substantially different depending on the terrain, access to it, whether it's on a cliff, whether you bring in fill dirt in a lot of areas because there's low spots. I mean, don't we already know in order to have that bid? MR. SMITH: Okay. So the reason why I'm going to say, "No," is because the way Congress appropriated the money. They appropriated a certain amount of money for building in Hidalgo County, a certain amount of money --

THE COURT: Uh-huh.

MR. SMITH: -- for building -- you know, they did do that, this amount of money to build here. Hidalgo County is going to have concrete like it did before for lesser points.

1 THE COURT: Sure. MR. SMITH: There's one place where the -- over 2 3 by old Hidalgo where the lake is there --4 THE COURT: Uh-huh. 5 MR. SMITH: -- that will actually have a bollard 6 fence on the other side of the lake there. That's the 7 current design. But most places will be concrete, whereas Starr County will be the what we call the "Cameron County 8 9 bollard design." 10 THE COURT: Uh-huh. MR. SMITH: So it'd be that different. I think 11 what they have to wait for from Border Patrol in the course 12 13 is once they get all those bids in, okay, this is how much we're bidding to build this, do we have that amount of money 14 15 to build 25 miles in Hidalgo County. The bids may come in where they don't have enough money to build 25 miles and 16 17 maybe less. 18 THE COURT: Okay. 19 MR. SMITH: Same thing for Starr County, they may 20 not have the money to build 12 miles in Starr County, maybe 21 less or, you know, if it comes in cheaper, it may be more. 22 But that's the -- that's why I'm waiting on, "Okay. Tell me 23 where you're building based on these bids. You've got the 24 money.

THE COURT: So the bids aren't location specific,

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they're sort of like, well, any 12 miles you all pick in
1
    Starr County, here's my bid"?
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 3
              MR. SMITH: No.
 4
               THE COURT: It seems a little right. That seems
5
    to be --
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               MR. SMITH: No.
7
               THE COURT: So how does somebody bid without
8
   knowing where exactly they're going to be building this
9
   structure?
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               MR. SMITH: So contrary to the 2008 where we had
   one contractor building, there's multiple contractors
11
   bidding on different sections.
12
13
               THE COURT: Sure.
14
               MR. SMITH: So you get that bid in for each of
    those sections. Same thing in Starr County, getting those
15
   bids in for those sections. And then it's like, "Okay.
16
17
   Here's what we can build." We may not be able to take --
18
    okay. That one's out, this one's in. That's what I'm
19
   dealing with.
20
               THE COURT: Okay. But did they bid more than
21
   12 miles in Starr County?
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               MR. SMITH: No, but if the bids come in under and
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   they decide, "Okay. Then we've got more land here, we can"
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    -- because we've done more than 12 --
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               THE COURT: But at least we've defined the
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"12 miles" though.
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               MR. SMITH: Right.
 3
               THE COURT:
                          Okay.
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               MR. SMITH: That's what I'm saying. By February,
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    I should know the 12 miles.
 6
               THE COURT: No. But you should know now what
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    they are. You know at least what they bid for, the 12 miles
    that were bid upon, that they may build less than that.
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 9
    They may then have extra money to build more than that. But
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   we at least know the first 12 miles that will be constructed
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   because that's what was bid. And again talking Starr
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   County.
13
               MR. SMITH: So, okay, from that standpoint, my
   understanding is the bid is more than 12 miles. They're
14
15
    going to pick the 12 miles they can bid.
16
               THE COURT: Okay. That was my question.
17
               MR. SMITH:
                          So you've got multiple spots in --
18
               THE COURT: So they may have bid 20 miles --
19
               MR. SMITH: Exactly.
20
               THE COURT: -- and you're going to pick 12.
               MR. SMITH: That's my understanding. And I can
21
22
   get more details about that. I haven't really -- you know,
23
   it's not really my purviews. I don't want to get into the
24
   weeds on the bidding side.
25
               THE COURT: Well, I understand that.
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```
1
               MR. SMITH: Right.
               THE COURT: But if we drill down deep enough,
 2
 3
    what we -- I was trying -- I was hoping that we could figure
 4
    out where the 12 miles are. I mean, it's some committee
 5
    being -- or some agency being reviewed because they had to
    know where they were going to be constructing or if the
 6
 7
    company to them bid on that project. Your surmising is --
 8
               MR. SMITH:
                          If you look at where we --
 9
               THE COURT: -- that they probably bid on 20 miles
    or 18 miles?
10
11
               MR. SMITH: Correct, Your Honor, because we did
   ROEs for more than 12 miles --
12
13
               THE COURT: Uh-huh.
               MR. SMITH: -- right of entry, to do all of this
14
    and so I don't think --
15
16
               THE COURT: Is that because you had funding to do
17
    those ROEs?
               MR. SMITH: The ROEs?
18
19
               THE COURT: Uh-huh.
20
               MR. SMITH: We had funding to do the ROEs.
    That's a different pot of money --
21
22
               THE COURT: Yeah, I see.
23
               MR. SMITH: -- than the part of it that they had.
24
    Plus the ROEs -- the survey work is the expense there
25
    though.
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```
1
               THE COURT: Uh-huh.
               MR. SMITH: It's just going out and doing the
 2
 3
    survey and the soil testing to see if it's -- there are
 4
    other issues that you have and like is it even possible to
 5
    build downtown Roma.
               THE COURT:
                          Uh-huh.
 6
 7
               MR. SMITH: So does that bid -- I mean, when they
 8
    come and do that bid, this is what it would take along the
 9
    cliffs of Roma to build. That may just knock that whole
    section out.
10
               THE COURT: Yeah. I mean, there's a big gap in
11
12
    the cliffs and how do you cross that.
13
               MR. SMITH: Exactly.
               THE COURT: And there's a --
14
15
               MR. SMITH: Starr County has a lot of --
16
               THE COURT: -- wildlife sanctuary there.
17
               MR. SMITH: Starr County has a lot of gullies and
18
    washouts that --
19
               THE COURT: Uh-huh.
20
               MR. SMITH: -- we don't have in Hidalgo County
21
    and Cameron County so those are some new issues that we're
    dealing with. So that's why I don't feel confident telling
22
23
    the Court at this point I know where 12 miles is going to be
24
    built. And I know in Hidalgo County what the possible 25
25
   miles is because it's everything in Hidalgo County. I can't
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```
tell you for sure all 25 miles is going to get built --
 1
 2
               THE COURT: Uh-huh.
 3
               MR. SMITH: -- because it depends on the dollar
 4
    amount for that build. But for Starr County, I don't even
 5
    have that confidence to say, "Oh, yeah, I know this section
    is going to get built," until they actually come back with
 6
 7
    those contracts.
               THE COURT: And we'll know that we hope February.
 8
 9
               MR. SMITH: Yeah, we should have that by
10
    February.
               THE COURT: That'll help eliminate some cases at
11
12
    that point that may still be pending.
13
               MR. SMITH: It will help eliminate cases.
    will help us negotiate with the landowner, "Okay. Here's
14
    what" --
15
               THE COURT: Yeah.
16
17
               MR. SMITH: -- "you have. How do you want to
18
   proceed with this?"
               THE COURT: Sure. I mean, likely will create new
19
20
           Okay. So let's just -- so can we just sort of start
    cases.
21
   picking off each case then and let's see --
22
               MR. SMITH: Sure.
23
               THE COURT: -- what we can do with it? And
24
    again, I'm going to start first with the case involving
25
   Mr. Reyes and the City of Roma, which is that 08-CV-207
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1
   case. Based on your submission on the status, this is one
    of erosion issues, determining what additional land need to
2
 3
   be taken.
 4
               MR. KINCHELOE: Yes, Your Honor, that's right. I
 5
    don't know that the erosion issues on this one are going to
   be as serious as some others, but there -- we are trying to
 6
7
    figure out how much of this land is still there.
8
               THE COURT: Again, so this is now speculating as
 9
    to land that might be taken with funding for fence fiscal
   2019.
10
               MR. KINCHELOE: Yes, Your Honor.
11
12
               THE COURT: And this is on the map of where the
13
    fence will be constructed, but we, at this point, have no
    idea whether it will actually be constructed there because
14
15
   we don't have the funding information, I guess.
16
               MR. SMITH: Well, one correction, not fiscal -- I
17
   always get my fiscal years -- so last 2018 money that we do
18
   have, that would be part of this. This plays into that
    12 miles that we're trying to do.
19
20
               THE COURT: Okay.
               MR. SMITH: For me when you say, "Fiscal 2019,"
21
22
   we're trying to get --
               THE COURT: No. Okay.
23
               MR. SMITH: -- funding or even more money --
24
25
               THE COURT: Yeah, yeah, that's a few -- yeah, for
```

```
1
    even more.
 2
               MR. SMITH: Okay.
 3
               THE COURT: So the 12 miles is 2018 funding.
 4
               MR. SMITH: Correct.
 5
               THE COURT: We still don't know where it's going
 6
    to be.
 7
               MR. KINCHELOE: Exactly.
 8
               THE COURT: Okay. So this is a piece of land
 9
    that is on the map for a fence crossing it.
10
               MR. KINCHELOE: Yes, Your Honor.
11
               THE COURT: We don't -- we won't know until
12
    February where actually that will happen, so the issue then
13
    is figuring out whether you're going to proceed forward with
    this or not? I mean, if they're not going to build it
14
15
    there, you dismiss the claim and move on?
16
               MR. KINCHELOE: No, Your Honor.
17
               THE COURT: I mean, what's the plan on this one?
18
               MR. KINCHELOE: If we don't build at this
19
    location, even if the land is already washed out, we have to
20
   pay just compensation for what we took and that does
    compensation of the value of the land as of the date we took
21
    it. So we take it and then two years later it all erodes
22
23
    out, we've still got to pay for it and that's on us.
24
               THE COURT: Right. So you took the land in '08
25
    or thereabouts, so you may take more, --
```

```
1
               MR. KINCHELOE: Right.
 2
               THE COURT: -- but you had to pay for what you
 3
    took.
 4
               MR. KINCHELOE: Right.
 5
               THE COURT: Is there a possibility -- maybe not
 6
    in this case, but in other cases where you would actually
 7
    say, "We don't need the land you took. You can have it
   back" or that -- that's some part of the calculus is "We'll
 8
 9
    give you back some land and it's worth a certain value"?
10
               MR. SMITH: Yes, Your Honor. And that's part of
    what we're waiting on to see where they're actually going to
11
12
   build especially if there's going to be a 2018 build of
    12 miles, for instance, and 2019 there's no money, then from
13
    my standpoint, okay, I've got more definition there and I
14
15
    know how to deal with everybody.
               For instance, for Mr. Guerra, we've had
16
17
    conversations with him early on. We were thinking, "Okay.
18
    Let's revest the property to him," and then Border Patrol
    changed their mind and said, "No, we may want this for a
19
    road." But then his is so far down on the southeast side so
20
21
    we're not sure. And so that is always a possibility. The
22
    revestment of those lands is always a possibility. I just
23
    can't tell a landowner at this point, "Yes, we can."
24
               THE COURT: Yes. And we also have landowners
25
    say, "Good riddance. That was junk land, I don't want it
```

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back. I'm not going to pay you for it."
1
               MR. SMITH: Yeah. And then that's fine. Then we
2
 3
   pay the fair market value.
 4
               THE COURT: Okay. So we need to figure out that
 5
    this is a valuation? That's why this hasn't been resolved
 6
   is valuation issue?
7
               MR. KINCHELOE: Valuation and ownership. A lot
8
   of the land in this area, title just is not as clear as we
   would like.
9
10
               THE COURT: And you continue your -- see, I have
   no patience for claims that we don't know who owns this.
11
   It's been 10 years.
12
               MR. KINCHELOE: Yes, Your Honor. Part of the
13
   problem is not we don't know who owns in terms of the record
14
15
    title owner, it's somebody died and somebody else died
    intestate, and so we're going to have to publish notice
16
17
   because we just can't find all the owners.
18
               THE COURT: And why haven't we in 10 years? And
    that's what I don't understand about these cases. It's been
19
20
   10 years.
21
               MR. SMITH: So for Starr --
22
               THE COURT: Please.
23
              MR. SMITH: I understand. For Starr County,
   when -- well for all the project in 2008 when it was filed,
24
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they did not come to the US Attorney's Office with any title

work and survey records, so it was all done after the fact and we did a lot of the title survey work.

Starr County, we didn't get title work until approximately two years ago. Number one, they couldn't find anybody to do title work for the United States Government, Starr County. And then once they did, we had problems with the land plan. Then we got past that. And now we're up and running and we're getting the title work. But it has actually not even started coming into the US Attorney's Office for the actual title work until approximately two years ago, two or three years ago.

THE COURT: All right. So you have title work on this particular land and -- but we haven't provided these owners with notice of this suit or, I mean, what do we need to do to wrap this up?

MR. KINCHELOE: We've provided --

THE COURT: This seems like an easy one.

MR. KINCHELOE: Yes, Your Honor. We've provided written notice to the addresses we have. The next step is we need to publish notice to the owners we can't find, the unknown heirs. What we've tried to do is consolidate publications with as many cases as is reasonable to keep it economical because it's --

THE COURT: Have you noticed any of them? I mean, in the past six months, have you provided any

```
1
   notice -- or a year -- on any of these cases that are still
2
   pending?
 3
              MR. KINCHELOE: Publication notice?
 4
               THE COURT: Yes.
 5
               MR. KINCHELOE: No, Your Honor.
 6
               THE COURT: Okay. But your plan is --
7
               MR. KINCHELOE: Not in Starr County. We have in
8
   Cameron County.
9
               THE COURT: Okay. Yeah. We're talking about
10
    just these cases. So your plan is then to try and publish
11
   notice in a fashion where you can tackle many or all of
    these cases at one time, "These are the tracts of land or
12
   whatever you claim an interest in, notice," whatever,
13
    "contact us in so many weeks."
14
15
               How quickly do you think that can reasonably be
16
   accomplished?
17
               MR. SMITH: So for publication, we can probably
18
   start doing publications sometime after the first of the
19
    year. When we try to do these like, for instance, in
20
    Cameron County, we've done two publications in Cameron
   County. It cost us about 200,000 just because of the size
21
22
   of these things that we have to publish and we have one
23
   paper that owns both -- or one person -- corporation owns
24
   both papers, so we don't -- can't really negotiate.
25
               So it's a large expenditure so we try to do them
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all and get them all in there. And so that's what we would -- again, it comes down to, okay, once we realize where we're building and who we're dealing with.

But even if it's a revestment, I still need to do the publication because we can't revest the land until we actually have done everything for the title work and made sure we gave notice to potential owners because I can't revest it, if I don't know exactly who the owner is.

THE COURT: Okay. So in this case, the -involving Mr. Reyes, we're going to publish notice. You
think you can do that after the first of the year so I'm
going to give you 60 days to do that. I mean, if some issue
comes up, I mean, you can revisit this, but I want to get
these cases moving so I'm going to push you.

So 60 days or that you publish notice to anyone who claims an interest in this property within two months.

What else can you do in this case in the interim? It's hard to negotiate anything or resolve anything until you get that notice out.

MR. KINCHELOE: Yes, Your Honor. We've done a couple of these in Cameron County where we are well along the process of handling cases where we can't find the owners. What we've done is we've published notice. After we published notice and given time to respond, we have filed a motion asking the Court to enter a default under 55(a).

1 THE COURT: Sure. Right. I intend to do that. 2 MR. KINCHELOE: We didn't -- just we'd rather go 3 through the Court and the Clerk's Office because we want to 4 make sure everybody knows what's going on. 5 After the Court enters a default, then we ask the 6 Court to set a trial date. If we can get some owners to 7 give us some unsworn declaration about what the value is, we use that as evidence. 8 9 But if we can't find any owners and no one will 10 talk to us, as is the case in one case in Cameron County, we're going to have to go get an in-house appraisal and then 11 12 bring our own appraiser in. 13 THE COURT: Okay. Just using what's on the County's Appraisal District isn't sufficient to be -- you 14 15 don't have anybody showing up on the defense side. All you 16 need is some evidence to present to the Court in your Bench 17 Trial. I mean, it wouldn't even be a trial. It would be 18 just a default judgment, evidentiary hearing on a default judgment. It's the value of the property. 19 20 MR. SMITH: So when I got involved in this, new 21 to my world of condemnation and I thought the same things. 22 THE COURT: That's --23 MR. SMITH: Pursuant to the Uniform Act, we still have a duty because even if the landowners don't show up, we 24 25 have to pay that money into the Registry of the Court and it

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has to be based on what we call the "yellow book," which is
1
    the federal guidelines for appraisal work on compensation.
2
    So we actually have to give the Court some kind of evidence
 3
 4
    to make a just compensation ruling.
 5
               We can do that if there's landowners and they
 6
   agree, "Hey, this is the value of the land."
7
               THE COURT: Sure. Yeah.
8
               MR. SMITH: We can do it and then we can pay that
 9
        And any unknown owners, that share goes into the court.
10
               THE COURT:
                          Sure.
11
               MR. SMITH: But we have a number of these cases
12
   where we can't find owners or the heirs and so we just have
13
    to have like a little mini trial. Again, we've got somebody
14
   working now in-house that can do the yellow book appraisers
15
    that's not our normal expert that we use in litigating a
16
    case.
17
               THE COURT: Uh-huh.
18
               MR. SMITH: But they can do a -- and what we're
    trying to get them to do, not only here, but in Cameron
19
20
    County, is to look a number of these so that they can do one
21
    report for a number of them --
22
               THE COURT: Uh-huh.
23
               MR. SMITH: -- and so we don't have to have a
24
   report for each and every one, and so we can get similar
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properties. Then we can come to the Court with that.

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THE COURT: Okay. So that's -- there is no
 1
    less-involved method. You're going to have to have this
 2
 3
    yellow book appraisal from an expert. You can -- there's no
 4
    other way.
 5
               MR. SMITH: Yes, Your Honor, we've gone back and
 6
    forth with the Court and DOJ, LAS on there's got to be an
 7
    easier way and --
 8
               THE COURT: Is the county doing its --
 9
               MR. SMITH: -- this is what we're going to have
    to do.
10
11
               THE COURT: I mean, the Appraisal District -- I
12
   mean, they have their own process. I mean, that value
    that's in the books that people are paying taxes on, that's
13
   not enough evidence?
14
               MR. SMITH: Well, if you look at what it takes to
15
    do a yellow book appraisal, it's not like anything that we
16
17
    see from appraisal districts or even from just home
18
    appraisals for buying a house. Very complicated on that
    side. I would love to be able to do that.
19
20
               THE COURT: Yeah. It would make things a lot
21
    quicker and easier.
22
               MR. SMITH: Yes, exactly.
23
               THE COURT: All right. So then on this one,
    we'll publish notice. We'll wait until the response period
24
25
    ends. I'm sort of feeling that maybe at that point we
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should have a hearing on what we do next, but likely we
   would proceed with a request to default the non-responding
   people that you have -- you know, may own this, have an
   interest in this. We do have some people who could maybe
   agree on an amount.
              If not, then we just set it for a trial and
   valuation?
              MR. KINCHELOE: Yes, Your Honor. And the 60 days
   -- well, I quess 60-days-plus response time --
              THE COURT: Right.
              MR. KINCHELOE: -- we'll reach out to the owners
12
   we can find and see if we can get new agreements about the
   value of just compensation. If we can, then we can present
   that evidence and shortcut the --
              THE COURT: Yeah. I mean, this was an easy one.
16
   We have the City of Roma. I'm pretty sure they can probably
17
   come up with something. I guess Mr. Reyes is coming in,
18
   maybe a few other parties and -- have an interest.
              All right. So what is the typical response
20
   period that people are given in the Notice, two weeks,
   30 days?
22
              MR. KINCHELOE: I think it's 30 days, Your Honor,
23
   but I don't have the rule in front of me.
              THE COURT: You think 30 days?
              MR. SMITH: Your Honor, I think we have to
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publish --1 2 THE COURT: It's maybe a little bit more? 3 MR. SMITH: -- for three weeks straight the 4 publication notice, so I think it's three weeks and two or 5 three days maybe that we do the publication. THE COURT: I'm trying to get this resolved 6 7 before March 31, for obvious reasons, but I'm -- we're going to have difficulty doing that because even if we publish 8 9 notice the first of January, basically we're going to lose 10 January to the response period. So I could set this for a 11 hearing the first of February, if it were to go from there. Why don't we do that? Again, this may be a 12 13 similar pattern on the other cases as well. 14 All right. So again, I've already made my Order 15 on the Notices to be published within the next 60 days and 16 then I'll set this for a Status Conference early February 17 determining what to do next on this case. Okay. So we're done with that one case. Hope you were 18 19 taking good notes. 20 (Hearing adjourned at 11:17 a.m.) 21 22 23 24 25

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               I certify that the foregoing is a correct
 2
    transcript to the best of my ability produced from the
 3
    electronic sound recording of the proceedings in the above-
 4
    entitled matter.
 5
    /S/ MARY D. HENRY
 6
    CERTIFIED BY THE AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF
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    DATE FILED: JANUARY 31, 2019
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